



Emergency Estate Redemption

*in
Legalese*

by
*Shelagh
McFarlane-Koberinski-Hunter
(She/Law)*



About the POGG Protocol: Emergency Estate Redemption

In 2023, I wrote *The POGG Primer: Ending the Public/Private Partnership Fraud*.

It briefly described how the *United Nations (UN) Agenda21* took over every town in Canada using the locally elected Mayors and Councillors.

I recommend you *read the POGG Primer first*, as an entry point to this one. All POGG's were kept short for expedience, and to simplify a complicated problem.

The POGG Protocol: written in two languages

Both *Emergency Estate Redemption* formats outline the *five deceptions* used to hijack local self-determination in Canada, *and the solutions* for each one.

(a) in Legalese: (20 pages)... explains each fraud/breach in financial and technical language. This document can be submitted as evidence for court.

(b) in Plain Language: (10 pages)... describes them in simpler words, so anyone can learn this information to achieve financial and local peace.

All POGG's outline the following:

1. Every government in Canada is **de facto**, merely foreign franchises masquerading as governing institutions you can "trust",
2. Pretending to be "government" is **fraud**, and it's also fraud to continue to pretend it's not fraud, and
3. **Fraud**, once proven, *vitiates all*, and terminates everyone and everything attached to it.

Canada is defined as a "Constitutional Monarchy" with 2 Governing Levels – what is the 3rd Level?

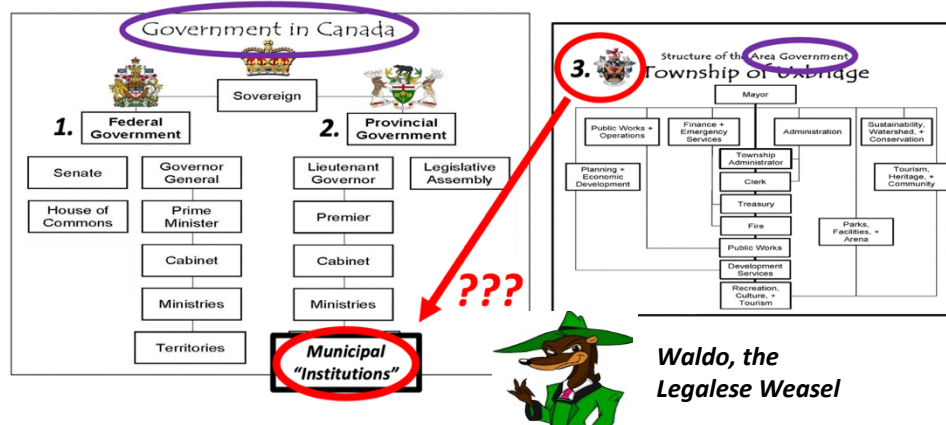




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See The POGG Protocol: Estate Redemption in Plain Language Appendix for:

Notice to Mayor: Emergency Redemption/Fiduciary Assignment
Notice to Clerk: Fiduciary Assignment and Redirection of Mail
POGG Emergency Letter to Crown Agents

Please Note:

*This Local/Municipal Fraud was done by **municipal lawyers**, who base their entire profession on assumption, presumption, fiction and **deceit**.*

Municipal lawyers speak “**MuniSpeak**” – similar to legalese “weasel words” – but a language that applies to “**municipal persons**” **only**. A few key definitions that you should know can be found on page 18-19.

Rule #1: If you don’t speak **MuniSpeak**, you could find yourself unknowingly obeying and funding a **DE FACTO GOVERNMENT**...



**Waldo the
Legalese Weasel**

DE FACTO GOVERNMENT. One that maintains itself by a display of force against the will of the rightful legal government and is successful, at least temporarily, in overturning the institutions of the rightful legal government by setting up its own in lieu thereof. *Wortham v. Walker*, 133 Tex. 255, 128 S.W.2d 1138, 1145.

Criminal Code of Canada, 1985
Page 104 of 1,296

Obedience to *de facto* law

15 No person shall be convicted of an offence in respect of an act or omission in obedience to the laws for the time being made and enforced by persons in *de facto* possession of the sovereign power in and over the place where the act or omission occurs.

The UN Agenda2030 Bait & Switch

**Your Mayor was sworn into the wrong “column”...
& ordered to make a UN 15-Minute CITY**

Legal Creatures in your CITY HALL	Government Office (GO)	Non-Government Office (NGO)	Public/Private Partnership (PPP)
	Elected Mayor & Councillors	The Corporation of The CITY of Guelph	Secret Agreement/ Contract
Legally defined as	Public - ELECTED Institution (Law)	Private - UNELECTED Corporate Franchise (Legal)	Global - UNDISCLOSED Entity (Legal)
Created by & for	Electorate/ Area Constituents	PROVINCIAL STATUTE/ PROVINCIAL PPP	SECRET CONTRACT/ Global Investors
Jurisdiction	LOCAL Geographical area	MUNICIPAL/Commercial Service Contracts	INTERNATIONAL Covenants/Treaties
Title	HEAD OF LOCAL GOV'T Mayor	HEAD OF MUNICIPAL GOV'T Head of Council	MEMBER GLOBAL/STRONG MAYOR
Also called	Public official, trustee/servant	Staff, Manager	Officer, Agent
Law	Unincorporated Trust/Fiduciary law	Registered Corporation Commercial law (UCC)	International Entity UN CHARTER
Council	Elected councillors form Board of Trustees	CITY COUNCILLOR COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE	MEMBER OF COUNCIL COUNCIL OF THE WHOLE
Constituents	Men/women/shared property Within the defined boundary	Body Corporate/ INCORPORATED INHABITANTS	Body Corporate/ HUMANS/GLOBAL CITIZENS
Assets	Shared (public) Assets/ Held in Trust	Service Corporation No Public Assets	De facto possession of Public/Private Assets
Constitution	Self-determined Local Agenda	Municipal Act GLOBAL AGENDA	Municipal Act GLOBAL AGENDA
Oath (sets the Law & Title)	to Constituents Oath of Office/ Declaration of Trust	to the Corporation (for franchise rights) Declaration of Office	to the UN (for global recognition) Declaration of Office
Legislative/ Executive Control	Constituents have FULL Regulatory Control	PROVINCIAL FRANCHISE Downloads corporate policy	SECRET CONTRACTS/ Global Investors
Fiduciary Control	Constituents have FULL CONTROL Treasury/Trust Accounts	CAO/ Board of Directors	CAO/UN World Bank
Judicial Control	Constituents have FULL CONTROL Local Courts/Peace Officers	CITY/FRANCHISE CONTROL Municipal/By-law Officers	UN Security Council UN Troops
Liability	Officials UNDER FULL LIABILITY for Breach/Dereliction of Duty	ZERO liability for harm caused; corporate immunity	ZERO liability for harm caused; UN CHARTER
Agenda	Local needs ONLY – housing, health, roads, sewers etc.	UN SDG's ONLY	UN SDG's ONLY
Public \$\$ Allocated to (property taxes, fines, fees etc.)	Local issues ONLY Trustee nonfeasance if debt is incurred	UN targets; must finance SDG infrastructure; Can incur debt	UN targets; must finance SDG infrastructure; Can incur debt
Authority to Collect Tax or Charge You Directly	Non-RESIDENT - no bills Non-commercial - no taxes Non-franchise - local services free	NO	NO

**Wrong JURISDICTION, Wrong LAW...
“incorporated” into a Global Government System**



FRAUD #1: Local Election Interference

De facto possession of public Office/Trustees

As the POGG Primer exposed, municipal corporations hold *municipal elections* instead of *public elections*. This creates an internal (private) government for a municipal corporation, instead of a local (public) Office. Here's how they differ...

	<i>Public Office</i>	<i>Private Municipality</i>
<i>Defined as</i>	Unincorporated Trust Institution Non-statutory Office	Incorporated Municipal Corporation PROVINCIAL franchise
<i>Oath</i>	Promissory Oath Declaration of Trust	Declaratory Affirmation Declaration of Office
<i>Oath Issued by</i>	justice of the peace	Municipal Clerk
<i>Titles Granted</i>	Mayor (trustee) Public Trustee/Custodian Absolute Principal (Trust "owner")	Head of Council (member) "Strong or Global" Mayor Corporate Sole (acts as Principal)
<i>Jurisdiction</i>	Public/trust Equity, fiduciary law Created by expressed will	Municipal officer/commerce Service area, legal contracts Defined by provincial statutes
<i>Local Agenda</i>	Local issues only	UN Agenda - 17 Sustainable "Goals"
<i>Acts on behalf of</i>	Men/Women public security/safety	BODY CORPORATE UN Agenda - 17 Sustainable "Goals"



Black's Law Dictionary - 4th Edition

MUNICIPAL ELECTION. One at which municipal officers are chosen. *Hutchins v. City of Des Moines*, 176 Iowa, 189, 157 N.W. 881, 883. Compare *Johnson v. Luers*, 129 Md. 521, 99 A. 710, 714.

Public Service of Ontario Act, 2006

Effect of election, municipal

101 (1) If a public servant is elected to a municipal office, his or her employment by the Crown or by a public body, or his or her appointment to a public body, is terminated if it is determined under subsection (3) that termination is warranted. 2006, c. 35, Sched. A.

FRAUD: FAILURE TO DISCLOSE:

1. **Election for Municipal Officers/Members:** Head of Council, CITY Councillor
2. **Conversion of Status/Self-Termination using municipal code:** voter compelled to identify as RESIDENT/person to vote; issued proxy vote for registered POSTAL CODE
3. **Interference with Governance/Self-Determination:** Municipalities are signatories of UN Agenda21; party to municipal contracts; beneficial interest, not arm's length

RESULTS:

1. **Colour of Office/Law invoked:** franchise created in lieu of Office of Law; public/private comingled; Mayor declared legal officer, instead of Official in Law
2. **Identity fraud/Financial Abuse:** compelled perjury to identify as ALL CAPS/property; compelled personation as franchisee/incorporated inhabitant/dependent adult
3. **Privateering/Usury/Usufruct/Unjust Enrichment:** incorporation of public entities; inter-meddling of registered estates; illegal taxation of a registered name.

Municipality

(2) In this Act, a reference to a municipality is a reference to its geographical area or to the municipal corporation, as the context requires. 2001, c. 25, s. 1 (2).

Criminal Code R.S.C., 1985, c. C-46 Interpretation Definitions

municipality includes the corporation of a city, town, village, county, township, parish or other territorial or local division of a province, the inhabitants of which are incorporated or are entitled to hold property collectively for a public purpose.



- POGG Protocol for Election Fraud -

Peaceful Correction of a Legal Mistake: Restore the Office and trust relationship

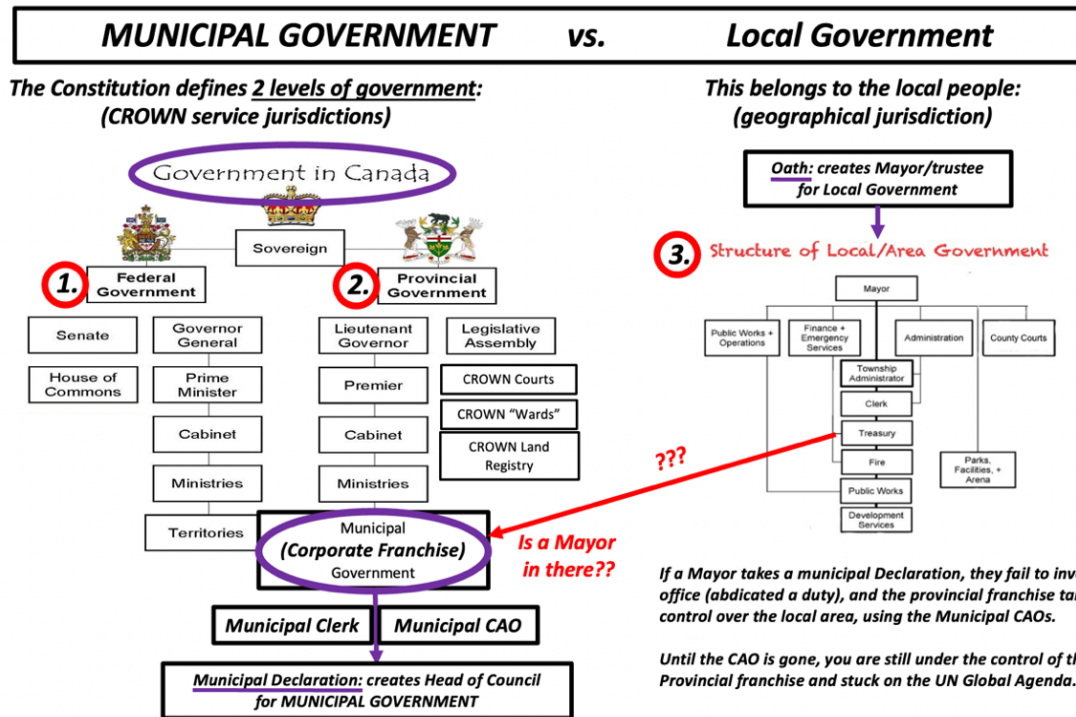
1. Election interference negates your last local election. Once informed they were issued the wrong Oath, sitting Officials can voluntarily correct their jurisdiction.

This restores the Mayor to Head Fiduciary, and the town/township unincorporates from the UN Global Government System. (*see next page*)

2. **If an Official refuses to re-Oath**, they admit they're not "public", but administrating "public" as if they are. **This means the Official is:**

- (a) **ignorant** of their situation, and don't know what they're involved in, or
- (b) **complicit** in the transfer of local powers for their own personal gain.

It's never wise to leave an ignorant OR complicit Official in control of your money, nor leave your *Local Government Office VACANT*.



Towns Act, 1954

Public Service Employment Act

municipal election means an election as the mayor or a member of the council of a municipality. (*élection municipale*)



VACANT

Oath by mayor and alderman.

Failure of mayor or alderman to take oath.

37. Every person elected to the office of mayor or alderman shall, within ten days after his election, accept the office to which he is elected, and take and subscribe the following oath before a justice of the peace:—

“I, A. B., do solemnly swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, I am qualified as by law required in every respect for the office of mayor (or alderman as the case may be) to which I have been elected, and I will diligently, faithfully and impartially, and to the best of my ability, discharge the several duties which appertain to the said office while I hold the same.—So help me God.”
R. S. c. 179, s. 37. *am.*

38. If any person duly elected to the office of mayor or alderman neglects or refuses to take the oath within the time limited, the said office shall be deemed vacant, and shall be filled by a new election to be made in the manner hereinafter provided. R. S. c. 179, s. 38.

- OPERATION: POGG -

Peace, Order & Good Governance

Restoring Your Local Governing Authority

Coming Down The Pike... Get informed, Be prepared.

1. Seated elected officials will be sworn in under the **public oath**. This will establish geographical **trustee authority**. If they refuse, there will be a public election to replace them (see #6):

Mayor becomes Chief Executor of local Public Trust(s)

Councillors to form Board of Trustees

Lawful Redemption: Private status revoked: Liability for prior acts of negligence waived.

Public status invoked: Under full liability for harm, loss or injury caused.

2. **"Re-public"** the local governing institution:
 - a. **Fiduciary Authority Restored:** Local Treasury established. All property taxes, fees & securities diverted to trust accounts independent of CITY, WEF & central banking system.
 - b. **Judicial Authority Restored:** Sheriff appointed, county courts established, peace officers sworn. (public oath issued for Municipal police/By-law officers if they choose to remain)
 - c. **Regulatory Control Restored:** All PPP agreements & UN/WEF financing commitments terminated; forensic audit on municipal accounts/contracts; "Pause" on all CITY By-laws.
3. **Unincorporate** "all things local" from the **UN CITY STATE corporate structure** (terminate membership & association with non-government **"Municipalities"**).

Fraud (non-disclosure) avoids/nullifies all past, present and future obligations.
4. All **Municipal service contracts** reviewed; necessary services maintained (water, sewer, transit, health, schools etc.) **ALL your municipal services/fees to be paid from your Local Treasury ONLY.**
5. **"Mentor counsellors"** (local men/women wanting to step up to restore the local governing level) work alongside their public trustees (Ward Counsellors) as qualified mentors for the "re-public" transition **OR** to step in as "temporary public trustee" if there's a resignation.

Ward Counsellors and their mentors will determine **Town Hall** locations, size and services. Immediate Treasury funds available for housing, food, health care, seniors, small businesses, daycare/education, transportation, cost of living assistance etc. **All will be homed & helped.**

6. A **new public voting system** is in development. Constituents will elect/appoint their public trustees directly, not by proxy for the resident, body corporate or legal person.



Restoring Lawful Mayors...
Regrouping In Your Wards...
Restarting Your Local Agendas...



FRAUD #2: Breach of Trust

De facto possession of administrative powers

Election interference allowed **NON**-government organizations (NGOs) to hijack local governing powers to masquerade as a "Government" you could "Trust".

FRAUD: MISREPRESENTATION, DECEPTIVE PRACTISES:

1. **Conversion via Registration:** Men/women compelled to identify as ALL CAPS/ franchisee; undisclosed personation; transfer of financial asset by deposit
2. **Constructive/Involuntary Trust** created in lieu of public trust: public/private Estates co-mingled; men/women taxed as franchise; pledged as surety for municipal debt
3. **Colour of Office:** Mayor declared corporate sole (entity) in lieu of trust title; trust institution/treasury incorporated; **Colour of Law:** *Uniform Commercial Code (UCC)*

Clearfield Trust Doctrine: re. "government": Clearfield Trust Co. v. US 1943

When a government enters into commercial transactions, it abandons its sovereign capacity, and is to be treated like any other corporation... subject to the rules of commercial code (UCC).

This also means: (see "No Courts of Competent Jurisdiction", page 14)

All "courts" are private corporations – they demand "money", which requires an expressed contract or registered lien to compel performance, and:

- (a) "Corporations" (legal fictions) must appear by attorney, i.e., a "person",
- (b) Statements of representatives are deemed "hearsay", and not evidence.

RESULTS:

1. **Antitrust Violations/Money Laundering/Tax Evasion:** predatory pricing, bid rigging, monopolized services; unregistered municipal bonds; unreported capital gains/taxes
2. **Racketeering/Profiteering/Treason:** public/private Estates used to fund bioweapons installed locally (5G towers, chemtrails, SMART meters, mRNA injections); act of war
3. **Criminal Breach of Trust/Misappropriation/Negligence:** breach of fiduciary duty to the Crown; breach of a duty of a care of a minor; unauthorized transfer of a custodial duty of a minor (account) to a foreign government/agent.

criminal code of canada

trustee means a person who is declared by any Act to be a **trustee** or is, by the law of a province, a **trustee**, and, without restricting the generality of the foregoing, includes a **trustee** on an express trust created by deed, will or instrument in writing, or by parol; (*fiduciaire*)

Criminal breach of trust

336 Every one who, being a trustee of anything for the use or benefit, whether in whole or in part, of another person, or for a public or charitable purpose, converts, with intent to defraud and in contravention of his trust, that thing or any part of it to a use that is not authorized by the trust is guilty of an indictable offence and liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding fourteen years.

R.S., c. C-34, s. 296.



Code of Federal Regulations

A point in time eCFR system



- (2) **Minor account.** A minor account is an account established by an individual custodian for an individual who has not yet reached the age of 18 years. We do not permit an entity to open a minor account. A minor account is linked to the custodian's primary account. The minor is the owner of the securities, but the custodian controls the account on behalf of the minor. (See § 363.27 for more information about minor accounts.)

Minor means an individual under the age of 18 years. The term minor is also used to refer to an individual who has attained the age of 18 years but has not yet taken control of the securities contained in his or her minor account.

- POGG Protocol for Breach of Trust –

Peaceful Resolution: Withdraw from municipal trust fraud and presumed joinder

1. **To Mayor: Notice of Emergency Redemption/Fiduciary Assignment**
 - (a) De facto possession of public trust, requires public guardian/custodian
 - (b) Fiduciary assignment to Mayor as custodian for minor account
 - (c) Request accounting and confirmation.
2. **To Clerk : Notice of Fiduciary Assignment and Redirection of Mail**
 - (a) Clerk to notify Public Guardian & Trustee (PG&T) re. breach of public trust; custodianship with Mayor; request confirmation PG&T notified
 - (b) Clerk to redirect “mail” to Mayor - *[you can’t open-not the trustee/person]*
 - (c) Signature recission for all municipal applications made in error; restore standing to non-municipal/non-commercial status; confirmation.
3. **If they fail to respond/perform:** Previous candidate challenges election via **Small Claims Court:** POGG Emergency – breach of trust: Official defaulted; Candidate assumes Office, unincorporates town and township. (page 7)

Financial Administration Act.pdf

Securities Transfer Act, 2006, §

Definitions

72 In this Part,

Crown means Her Majesty in right of Canada or any agent of Her Majesty in right of Canada and includes a Crown corporation and a departmental corporation; (*Sa Majesté*)



Financial Administration Act.pdf

Securities Transfer Act, 2006

Books, etc., property of Her Majesty

82 All books, papers, accounts and documents kept or used by, or received or taken into the possession of, any officer or person who is or has been employed in the collection or management of the revenue or in accounting for the revenue, by virtue of that employment, shall be deemed to be chattels belonging to Her Majesty, and all money or valuable securities received or taken into the possession of that officer or person by virtue of his employment shall be deemed to be money and valuable securities belonging to Her Majesty.

Fraud against Her Majesty

154.01 (1) A director, officer or employee of a Crown corporation who, by deceit, falsehood or other fraudulent means, in connection with the collection, management or disbursement of money belonging to the corporation, defrauds the corporation of any money, securities, property or service is guilty of an indictable offence and liable on conviction

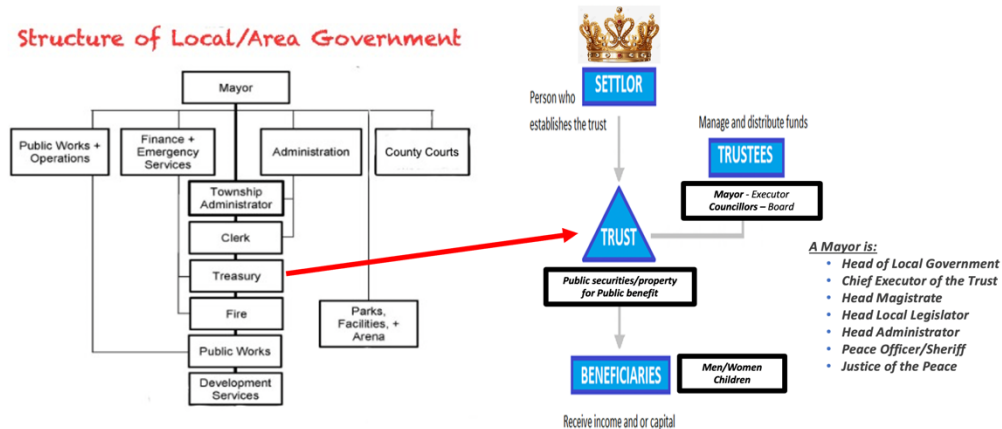
Motu Proprio On the Jurisdiction of Judicial Authorities of Vatican City State in Criminal Matters

3. For the purposes of Vatican criminal law, the following persons are deemed "public officials":

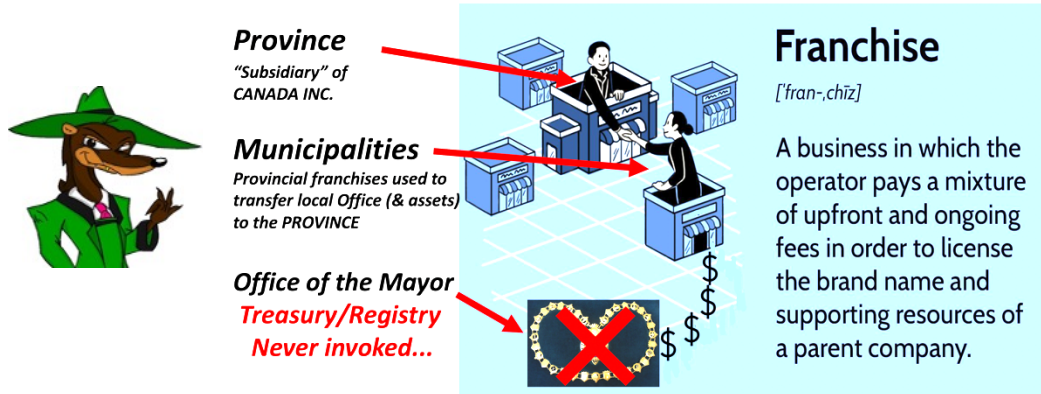
- a) members, officials and personnel of the various organs of the Roman Curia and of the Institutions connected to it.
- b) papal legates and diplomatic personnel of the Holy See.
- c) those persons who serve as representatives, managers or directors, as well as persons who even de facto manage or exercise control over the entities directly dependent on the Holy See and listed in the registry of canonical juridical persons kept by the Governorate of Vatican City State;
- d) any other person holding an administrative or judicial mandate in the Holy See, permanent or temporary, paid or unpaid, irrespective of that person's seniority.

Your Local/Area Government is a Trust Institution

Structure of Local/Area Government



A corporate veil over local governance



"Municipal Government" is an oxymoron

You agree YOU LIVE HERE when you use it, ask any lawyer*

MUNICIPAL PHARM
de facto



Local Farm
de jure



MUNICIPAL
Incorporated area for commercial (Agenda 2030) services to CROWN-registered properties

Government
Unincorporated trust fund for self-determined shared services to private land & property

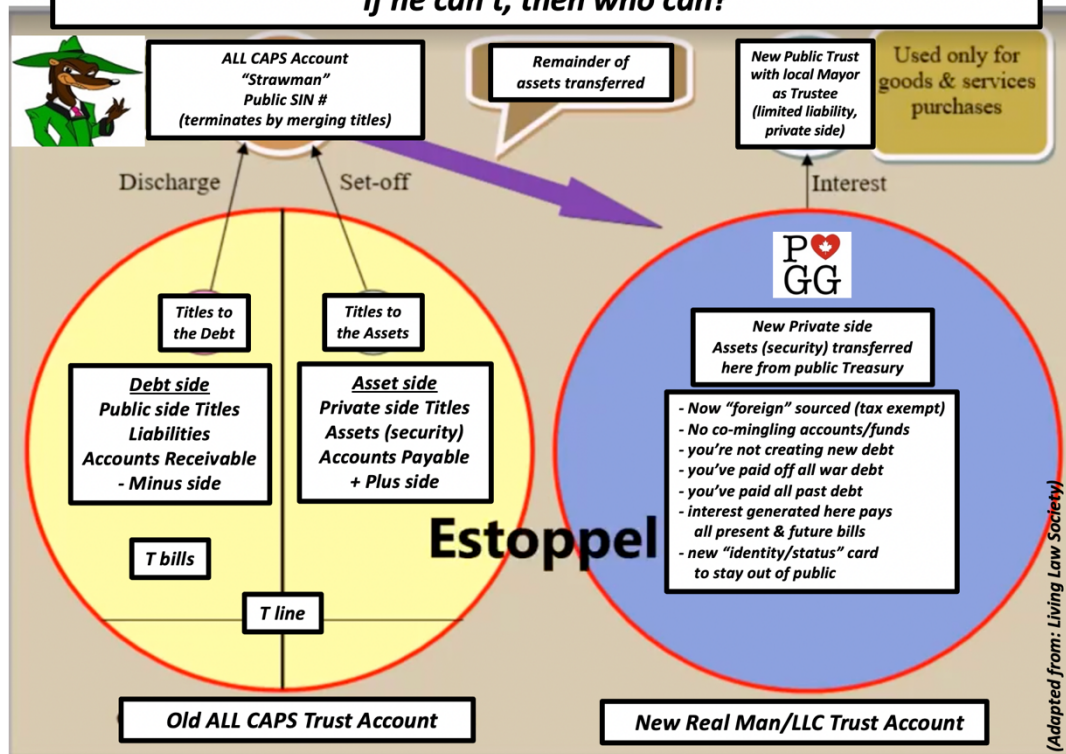
Using LEGALESE (CROWN-registered) language where "PUBLIC" means "property of the CROWN"
"S/He who creates, controls."

NO WEASEL WORDS whereby "public" means "open to/paid by"
"They who create, control."

*using the term "municipal" creates joinder, jurisdiction.
If you weren't told this = FRAUD in the factum - lawyers know this...

Go to www.shelaw.ca for more details.

**Can a Mayor/trustee transfer a public security if you asked him to?
If he can't, then who can?**



When something becomes registered, whether it's a birth, a title, or a security, it moves from the realm of private ownership into the realm of public trust administration. Registration means the original owner or creator has, by default or consent, placed the item into the custody or oversight of a higher administrative body—usually the state, Treasury, or financial agent. For example, when your birth is registered, the legal title to the NAME is effectively transferred into a public trust held by the state, while you retain the equitable interest, though it remains unexpressed until you claim it. In the eyes of law and finance, registration creates a constructive trust: the state becomes the trustee, and unless rebutted, they act as both administrator and controller of the legal estate.

The term "registered" derives from regis, meaning king or rule, indicating that the item is now under sovereign oversight, typically governed by statute rather than private law. In the case of registered securities, they are subject to oversight by the SEC, and must follow regulations regarding trading, pooling, and resale—again removing private control. This is why registration of a trust, vehicle, or business converts you from owner to user, unless you have reserved your beneficial rights or filed a claim of interest.

Once a municipality has registered a birth, parents have to pay another \$25 to \$35 to get a copy of the birth certificate, but that fee just covers the cost of issuing it, Zara said.

Ohlsson said the birth registration fee is unconstitutional and violates the United Nations convention on the rights of the child.

"It's the right of a child to be registered. That's the only way you become a person."

Ontario also doesn't register stillbirths of babies born at less

Every "person" is a debtor by default, and every man or woman who suffers "joinder" to a "person" becomes "surety" in the debt-money system of bondage, sacrificing their living energy via that fictional "transmitting utility", feeding the parasitic banking cabal which espouses the Roman motto: *"He who would be deceived, let him be deceived."*

FRAUD #3: Breach of Public Security

De facto possession of local fiduciary powers

Breach of trust allowed NGOs to use public funds to purchase and install “sustainable” “technology” - such as mRNA injections, chemtrails, 5G towers, and SMART meters.

Legally deemed “**bioweapons**”, Municipalities are not only implementing an Agenda to depopulate the local area, but you’re being forced to fund your own extermination.

FRAUD: MISREPRESENTATION AND CONCEALMENT:

1. **Presumed/Compelled Abandonment of a Security:** undisclosed/unregistered transfer of public/private estates; general deposit in lieu of securities account
2. **Conversion of Status:** men/women compelled to identify as security/surety
3. **Public Securities Used to Underwrite Municipal Bonds:** men/women compelled to be co-surety for unrevealed debt, forced to fund non-local (UN Sustainable) Goals.

RESULTS:

1. **Theft of Crown Property/Treason:** by men/women (attorn a registered security), by the Mayor (transfers registered land to a foreign body), and the Municipality (conversion of Crown assets via deposit); monies used to fund a foreign government
2. **Breach of Public Security/Antitrust Laws:** bond used to create security futures; intermeddling with a minor estate; misappropriation, mismanagement, financial abuse of a vulnerable adult
3. **Extortion/Money Laundering/Human Trafficking:** men/women unknowingly pledged as surety/underwriters/slaves; resulting in harm/injury/infertility and death.

Financial Administration Act.



Property of the Crown

99 (1) Where the title to property is held in the name of an agent corporation, that property is the property of the Crown.

Consolidated Revenue Fund means the aggregate of all public moneys that are on deposit at the credit of the Receiver General; (Trésor)

Securities Transfer Act, 2006, S.O. 2006, c. 64, s. 13.

Bill of exchange, promissory note

13. A bill of exchange or promissory note to which the *Bills of Exchange Act* (Canada) applies is not a security, but is a financial asset if it is held in a securities account. 2006, c. 8, s. 13.

Depository bill, depository note

14. A depository bill or depository note to which the *Depository Bills and Notes Act* (Canada) applies is not a security, but is a financial asset if it is held in a securities account. 2006, c. 8, s. 14.

public property means all property, other than money, belonging to Her Majesty in right of Canada; (biens publics)

registrar means a registrar appointed under Part IV and includes the Bank of Canada; (agent comptable)

securities means securities of Canada in certificated form or non-certificated securities of Canada, and includes bonds, notes, deposit certificates, non-interest bearing certificates, debentures, treasury bills, treasury notes and any other security representing part of the public debt of Canada; (valeurs ou titres)

security certificate means a tangible certificate issued by or on behalf of Her Majesty representing part of the public debt of Canada; (certificat de valeur)

- POGG Protocol for Breach of Public Security -

Peaceful Resolution: Redeem security from de facto possession by Municipality

1. **To Mayor: Notice of Emergency Redemption/Fiduciary Assignment**
 - (a) De facto possession of public security, requires intermediary/proxy
 - (b) Fiduciary Assignment to Mayor as trustee for public/private estates, **or**
 - (c) Express will to collapse trust(s); register private (foreign) estate; reimburse estate (retroactive); issue non-commercial status I.D. for all necessary goods/services/travel/needs. (*diagram top of page 11*)
2. **To Clerk: Notice of Fiduciary Assignment and Redirection of Mail**
 - (a) Clerk to notify PG&T of peaceful redemption; trusteeship now with Mayor
 - (b) Redirection of "mail" to Mayor - ***[you can't open-not the trustee/person]***
 - (c) Signature recission for all municipal applications made in error; restore standing to non-municipal status; confirmation.
3. **If Mayor or Clerk fail to respond/perform:**
 - (a) **Previous Candidate challenges election** via Small Claims Court, or
 - (b) **Constituent challenges Mayor/Clerk** via Small Claims Court
 - seek disclosure of birth certificate and proper legal release (see page 15)

Conclusion on Crown Ownership of Certificates Across All Provinces

Based on the Constitution Act, 1867, Section 92(13) and various provincial Vital Statistics Acts, **we can conclude that all birth, marriage, and death certificates are property of the Crown in each province.**

NOTICE OF FIDUCIARY USUFRUCTUARY ASSIGNMENT

Legal and equitable titles have been split as a matter of record under acts of public law.

I assign to you all fiduciary and usufructuary interest in and to the property, assets, or accounts associated with this matter.

Your official capacity as trustee or administrator does not convey title, nor does it authorize any administration beyond that of usufruct.

You are liable for breaches of equitable trust and limitations, including but not limited to waste, trespass, or unlawful conversion.

Estate Redemption Legislative Summary		
Act / Law	Jurisdiction	Purpose
Financial Administration Act (FAA) 17(1), 39(1), 26	Federal (Canada)	Establishes procedure for handling non-public money and special purpose deposits; ensures separate accounting from CRF.
Currency Act (1985) 8(1)	Federal (Canada)	Recognizes lawful (non-fiat) money in Canada, such as Dominion Notes, allowing their tender for lawful settlement.
Bank of Canada Act (1984) 18(h), 24	Federal (Canada)	Outlines the fiduciary responsibilities of the Bank of Canada; enables receiving, redeeming, and managing lawful money instruments.
Constitution Act (1867) 91(14)	Federal (Canada)	Grants exclusive federal jurisdiction over currency, banking, and financial instruments; limits provincial interference.
Public Guardian and Trustee Act (SG) 19.3(4), 4(2)	Saskatchewan (or relevant province)	Section 19 Used only to show that the PG&T remains in fiduciary control until a proper legal release is received. <u>Authorizes PG&T to act in estate and trust matters when no trustee exists or fiduciary duty is unfulfilled. Section 3(4)</u> designates the PGT as the official administrator of estates in Saskatchewan.

FRAUD #4: De facto possession of Judicial Powers No Courts of Competent Jurisdiction

CANADA's Charter was used as an *engine of fraud* to convert lawful jurisdiction into CROWN LEGAL service jurisdiction, i.e., the "Colour of Law."

According to the CROWN, every court in Canada is a CROWN court in CROWN jurisdiction, with CROWN judges administering CROWN subjects using CROWN procedures written in CROWN language (legalese), which requires a CROWN interpreter/lawyer for you to "participate."

This means the CROWN holds a monopoly on "law"...
and with no ability to challenge Him/Her/Them.



FRAUD: MISREPRESENTATION AND CONCEALMENT:

1. **Fictional Jurisdiction:** private tribunals adjudicate disputes between provinces/federal government (entities) only; for STATE vs CITIZEN only; purview to administer securities only; not for men/women/land claims
2. **Grammatical/Language Deception/Deceptive Practises:** men/women compelled to identify as legal fiction/Crown subject (matter)/trustee; undisclosed surety pledge in order to access (de facto) justice/remedy
3. **Conspiracy to Commit Security Fraud/Money Laundering/Leveraging:** insider trading of performance bonds; unreported capital gains and taxes.

– POGG Protocol for No Court of Competent Jurisdiction –

Small Claims Court: Since the "Small Claims Administrative Judge" is not a public servant (CROWN officer), this is the closest we have for "man-to-man" adjudication without "The CROWN" as 3rd party interloper/adulterer.

Your "*small claim*" is that you seek disclosure of the registered birth certificate, and the underlying trusts "YOU & you" are involved in.

Public Service of Ontario Act, 2006

Certain appointees not public servants

(3) For the purposes of this Act, judges, justices of the peace, associate judges, deputy judges, the Small Claims Court Administrative Judge and officers of the Assembly are not public servants. 2006, c. 35, Sched. A, s. 2 (3); 2018, c. 17, Sched. 45, s. 14; 2021, c. 4, Sched. 3, s. 27.

records, the **Registry Act, R.S.O. 1990, c. R.20, s. 18(10)** establishes Crown ownership over all government-kept reproductions of records:

"All books, indexes, photographic film reproductions and other records used and kept in and pertaining to the land registry office are the property of the Crown."

• This suggests that any official reproduction of a birth certificate remains Crown property.

Suggested Procedure for Small Claims Court:

1. File against the sitting/acting Mayor (serve home address)
2. Notice to Clerk re. litigation; Clerk named as necessary party; all municipal claims against ALL CAPS barred (suspected security fraud, breach of trust)
3. Claim requires joinder with Crown as issuer of certificated person; seek venue (can't be heard in Crown subject "courts"); seek full disclosure of birth certificate, underlying trust(s), and proper legal release from bondage.

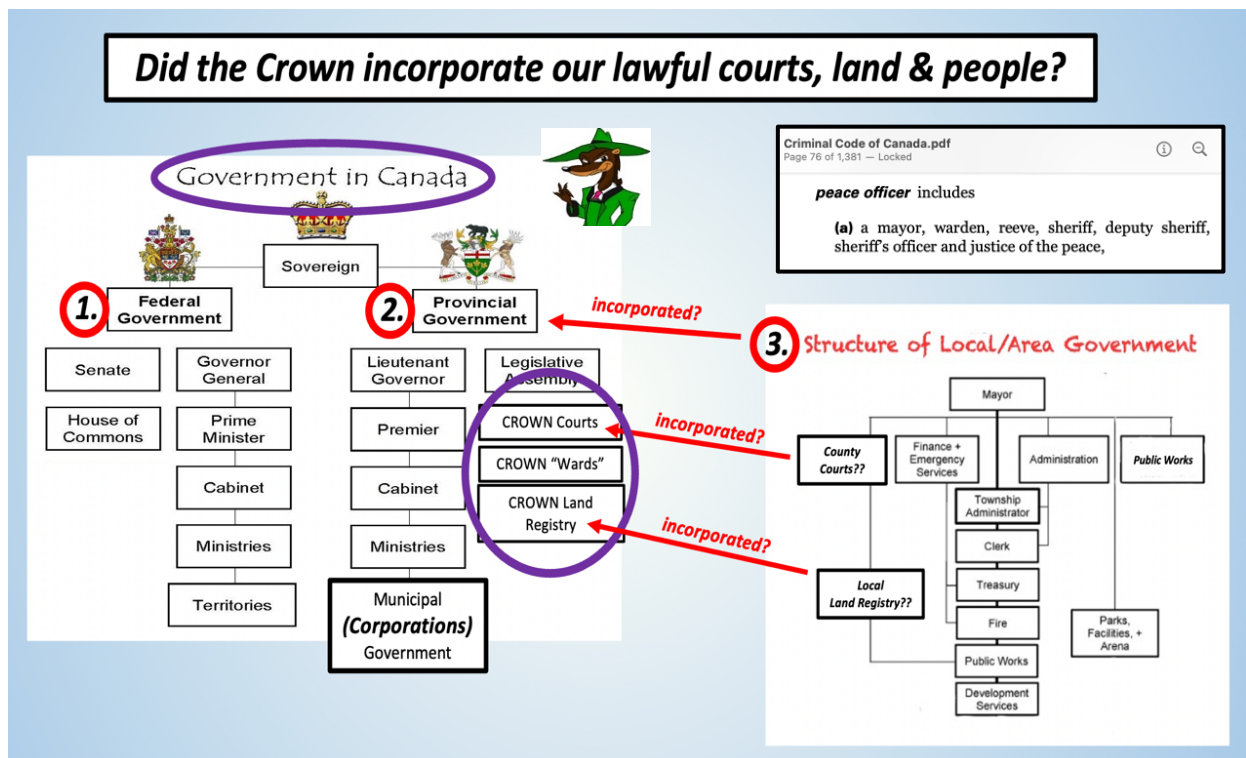
BONUS: You could walk out as sole/soul administrator of *both* your public and private Estates!

How local Courts of Law (proper jurisdiction) were hijacked in Canada...

The "Office of the Mayor" was originally an "Office of the Sheriff" (the Shire/reeve), there to keep the peace. A mayor/reeve was sworn in as a "*peace officer*."

The local Office is created *by Law, not by By-Law (LEGAL statute)*, and is there to protect the geographical area from ruthless invaders, like foreign "Kings" who attempt to usurp the local lore/law of the land to install their own.

The local governing office is **not** CROWN property/jurisdiction, **unless/until** the CROWN incorporates (usurps) it... by "incorporating" your locally elected Mayor/peace officer.



FRAUD #5: The CROWN Charter, Section 91

De facto possession of POGG Emergency Powers

If a foreign fiction is installing bioweapons in your town, you are in a *Local State of Emergency* and you **MUST invoke POGG Emergency Powers**.

What are “POGG Emergency Powers”? There are two:

1. **The Doctrine of Law/Necessity:** which states that if a “government” isn’t “governing” in complete alignment with “**Peace, Order, and Good Governance**”, the “government” is deemed tyrannical, illegitimate, void, and voidable.

You have a moral duty to remove a tyrannical government.

(and a public duty, see Criminal Code of Canada, Section 15)

2. **A Legal Clause in the Charter:** Section 91 of CANADA’s Charter is a statutory provision which allocates residuary powers to “the Queen” for matters not listed in the division of powers **between** the federal and provincial governments - especially if the matter threatens “the Peace, Order, and **good Government... of CANADA.**”

Waldo’s Translation:

The “Queen” will decide IF something is an “Emergency”... for CANADA INC., AND She gets to decide what to do if or when there is one...

Legislative Authority of Parliament of Canada

91 It shall be lawful for the Queen, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Senate and House of Commons, to make Laws for the Peace, Order, and good Government of Canada, in relation to all Matters not coming within the Classes of Subjects by this Act assigned exclusively to the Legislatures of the Provinces; and for greater



Criteria to invoke POGG Emergency Powers for both Law & Legal Powers:

- (a) foreign usurpation/abuse of sovereign powers; security of persons threatened,
- (b) situation is urgent, critical, an act of war; endangers life, health, and safety, and
- (c) emergency exceeds the jurisdiction of the provincial statutory powers.

You have a Duty to call a Local STATE of Emergency

RESULTS:

1. **Foreign Usurpation of ALL Local Sovereign Powers:** de facto possession of all governing powers; economic terrorism; monopolization of essential services; peaceful inhabitants deemed prisoners of war; usurpation of local law and revenue,
2. **Urgent, Critical, Act of War:** Municipal franchises implementing bioweapons on men/women/land; public health emergency, CAO/Clerk deemed “public hazards”, threat to safety/security; public disorder; de facto possession of policing/arresting powers; no peace officers of lawful (non-fiction) jurisdiction, and

3. **Emergency Exceeds the Jurisdiction/Authority** of federal/provincial statutory powers:
- (a) Subject (matter) falls **outside federal/provincial/municipal jurisdiction**:
Men/women are non-CROWN, non-municipal, non-person,
 - (b) Office of the Mayor falls **outside Crown jurisdiction**; trust institution
“belongs” to the area settlers/settlers, a legal entity independent of Crown,
 - (c) **ALL federal/provincial and municipal Agents have FAILED TO ACT**
to stop a foreign depopulation Agenda being implemented on men/women
and children against their will, God’s will and ALL LAW, and
 - (d) **Fraud vitiates all** past/present/future actions of **ALL** registered Crown
Agents for administrating people like chattel for gross profit, and in deceit.

- POGG Protocol to Invoke POGG Emergency Powers –

1. Contact any (or every) judge, justice of the peace, or retired lawyer in your area.
Talk to every family member in these professions.

Give them a copy of **The POGG Primer and Protocol** and ask them if redemption
is the way for us to exit this global Agenda simply and peacefully.

2. Contact **every candidate** from your last local election. One of them
can challenge the man/woman they ran against, and step in if there’s a
Local STATE of Emergency and you are being harmed.

Since ALL local government seats are **VACANT**, EVERY previous
candidate **has a duty to stand** and hold the seat for their area.



3. **If no response**, send a Notice of Emergency Redemption/Fiduciary Assignment
directly to your Mayor and municipal Clerk and wait for their response.

See the POGG Protocol (Plain Language) Appendix for the Notices, and include
copies of both the POGG Primer and the POGG Protocol (in Legalese).

c.c.: PG&T, 595 Bay Street, Suite 800, Toronto, ON M5G 2M6 Canada

If no response, record your Emergency Redemption into the Public Domain:

- a. A Land Titles Office (under miscellaneous documents)
- b. A Personal Property Security Registry (PPSA)
- c. Notarize and serve as an irrevocable living claim, or
- d. File in Small Claims Court for transcript, court of record, and **THE TRUTH.**

The truth shall set you free... Call the Fraud... Live in Peace.





MuniSpeak Weasel Words



Word/Term	Plain Language Translation
ALL CAPS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - “ALL CAPITAL LETTERS”; a registered security instrument (or a derivative of it) - an incorporated trust/legal (sur)name owned by the Crown, created by birth registration - evidence of a security interest in an Estate which is surety for all public debts - proof of a registration; provincial property/jurisdiction; NOT to be used for identification - issued by CANADA through a province (a province acts as administrator for CANADA)
Birth Certificate (BC)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - foundational document that establishes legal personhood; start of the ALL CAPS title - issued by CANADA, administrated by a province; attaches legal (surety) name to child - a claim of interest of/in ROLB; creates CITIZEN/RESIDENT, proof of standing for estates - like a Manufacturer’s Statement of Origin (MSO) or bill of lading (proof of registration) - a parens patriae assumpsit contract registered under receivership (child in wardship) - revenue receipt, proof of registration, not identity; NOT to be used for identification - “legal tender of identity” (United Nations Legal Identity Agenda - UNLIA)
CANADA (Inc.)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - a registered municipal corporation on EDGAR SEC (operating in military receivership) - a juristic federal unit, not a geographical area; a corporate legal entity; a state - a foreign qualified intermediary (QI); authorized to administrate securities - federal is called “parliament”, provinces are “subsidiaries/legislatures”; municipalities are deemed provincial “franchises”
Citizen/Resident	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Crown registered entity/subject, a public title; fictitious person, a corporate franchise
Clerk (CITY or court)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - a provincial agent, municipal corporate officer; bound record keeper of legal persons - one who transmits and administrates presumed estates held by the PG&T - all Clerks/agents answer upwards to the Crown/province
Colour of Law/Office	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - the appearance or semblance of law, lacking substance - is in fact false, lying, fiction; (see de facto below)
Constituent	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - one who appoints or elects a representative; grants authority to another to act for him
“Crown”	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - a corporation, a business, a legal fiction, once deemed a sovereign - also called Her/His Majesty in right of Canada; all acts/statutes bind the Crown - in civil usufruct, benefitting from a private estate; fiduciary obligation to appoint a trustee, defaults to PG&T who is statutorily bound to administer/resolve the estate
Corporation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - legal entity created by statute to perform commerce; “united in one body” - an entity that can act as a single person, natural person, or individual (see person) - used to convert local individuals (body politic) into artificial person (body corporate)
De facto	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - founded in deceit and fraud; illegitimate, but in effect, installed; without lawful title - administration with no authority; used to pass the property from the owner to another
De jure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - rightful, legitimate, sovereign; in compliance with all law
Fiction	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - something invented, imagined; not based in reality; a lie used to justify a legal construct
Fiduciary	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - someone with entrusted authority to act for the benefit of another - a trustee of property with duties of loyalty, care, and candor/full disclosure
Fraud	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - lying, concealment of material facts; deceit, misrepresentation - includes grammatical deception, undisclosed joinder, conversion of status - used to cause someone to believe something that is false
Includes...	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - the inclusion of one, is the exclusion of all others; applies only to what is listed - e.g., “fruit salad, includes bananas” means only bananas, all other fruit would be an assumption, presumption, legal mistake, and/or your own interpretation/understanding
Incorporate	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - to create a corporation; to confer a corporate franchise upon a person; - must operate under UCC commercial law
Individual	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - a sole corporation; a natural person, other than a person acting in the capacity of trustee, executor, administrator or other legal representative
Inspector	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - means the Director of Titles, or a person designated by that Director (Land Titles Act) - “land”, means land and any interest therein
Institution	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - an unincorporated association; a trust created (in law) between men/women
Jurisdiction	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - the law (juris) and the language (diction) agreed upon; has authority to rule over subject
Law	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - ruled by conscience, in accordance with all law/POGG; agreement/ meeting of minds - Court of law: a court with jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter

<i>Word/Term</i>	<i>Plain Language Translation</i>
Legal	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - for persons, written in legalese, all done in titles (see ALL CAPS); a creature of statute - a corporate scam that reduces sovereign beings to corporate fictions - thrives on fraudulent contracts, hidden jurisdiction, manipulated consent, deceit
License/Permit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - permits you to be in legal custody of the birth certificate/title - permits you to operate Crown registered property (e.g., a vehicle)
Minor/ Minor Account	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - someone who hasn't reached the age of 18 years OR hasn't taken control of their security; an equitable beneficial title holder - an account that requires a custodian to administrate until age of majority or redemption
Municipal	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - incorporated, under Uniform Commercial Code (UCC); belongs to Caesar/MuniWorld
Municipality	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - "MuniWorld", a state of incorporation; a provincial legal entity, service franchise, - non-government organization (NGO), creature of a provincial statute - "local municipality": a municipality within the "National Capital Region", the seat of the Government of Canada (National Capital Act)
Person (see Corporation)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - a fiction; legal title, a subject/Agent of the Crown, a legal franchise, debtor - an individual or entity capable of holding a legal or beneficial interest in property - means a corporation if undefined (Interpretation Act, Black's Law Dictionary)
POA	<p>Legal: Power of Attorney = power to represent a trust/security</p> <p>Law: Power of Administration = power to administrate a trust/security as intermediary, according to an expressed (written) will; a representative for ALL CAPS/legal affairs</p>
"Province"	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - in Canada, includes only Yukon, NWT and Nunavut (Interpretations Act) - legal subsidiaries used to create undisclosed life estates under Land Titles Act (s59)
Public	<p>Legal: a publicly traded/registered legal name/title, everything in the "public" is a trust</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - a birth certificate represents the name of the public estate & reg. beneficial owner (SIN) - "public servant": authorized to administrate public bodies (Financial Administration Act) <p>Law: open to all, paid by contributed revenue to be shared, belonging to adults (L. pubis)</p>
Public Guardian & Trustee (PG&T)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - trustee of last resort, top of fiduciary chain; harbours "orphans"; only holds standing to receive abandoned, orphaned or disputed estates within that provincial domain
Public security	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - a registered (certificated) public Estate; a financial asset (stored credit)
Register/ Registration	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - agreement to be subject to Crown (municipal) jurisdiction/legislation; debtor registry - to prepare a (public) security for sale or transfer; to transfer ownership or control
Registration of Live Birth (ROLB)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - the foundational security that represents your private Estate; original surety - holder is deemed "owner"; secures benefits/privileges offered by CANADA - a private estate/trust security deposited with the Registrar General/PG&T, as custodian - a type of 'bill of lading' or Manufacturer's Statement of Origin (MSO)
Security	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - an obligation issued by the public Treasury; an entitlement to a share - every security begins with (and is attached to) the certificate of birth
Security Deposit	<p>General deposit – transfers legal title, creates debtor/creditor relationship</p> <p>Special deposit – security held in escrow, legal title administrated by POA/proxy, ensures trustee/beneficiary relationship</p>
Security Intermediary	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - one who maintains a security account on behalf of another; a proxy - a type of clearinghouse corporation, e.g., a bank, a public trustee
Slave	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - a person who is the legal property of another and forced to obey them - someone (financially) dependent on and/or excessively controlled by another
Status/ Capacity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - legal standing, state, title/level of authority; class; the relation of an individual to others - the ability to understand information relevant to make a decision
Statute	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - an act of legislature; a bond or obligation of record; abbrev. of "statute merchant"
Trust	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - an agreement between a grantor, trustee and beneficiary - formed by deed of settlement for the purpose of securing investments
Trust Account	<p>Public Trust - your birth certificate evidences a public Estate held in trust/civil usufruct</p> <p>Municipal Trust - A constructive trust created to fund municipal government</p> <p>Expressed Trust – a private (living) trust between a grantor and trustee</p>
Trustee/ Representative	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - holds legal title to administrate the trust, acts as a legal proxy and granted discretion - a custodian with a fiduciary duty to act in the best interests of the trust - a trustee under an expressed trust acts as principal not agent, with full title/control - all trustees/agents answer upwards to the Crown - a "nominee/bearer trustee" holds title, but no discretion (can't create tax account)
Nominee	
Vulnerable Adult	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - has no legal trustee, advocate or interpreter of MuniSpeak; incompetent, incapable of handling business affairs; public/private Estate suffering damage/loss as a result
Ward	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - a minor (subject) under the control of a provincial/provisional guardian

Maxims of Legal, Law, Legislation Referred to in POGG Protocol

A maxim is a self-evident truth.

Legal Maxims:

1. Unequal things ought not be joined. (public can't be merged with private)
2. To one who exceeds his office or jurisdiction, no obedience is due.
3. All things are presumed unless/until proven to the contrary.
4. He who does not deny, admits. Silence implies consent.
5. Acts done under mistake or concealment of material fact are voidable in law and equity.
6. No right of action arises from fraud. Fraud vitiates all contracts.

Maxims of Equity:

1. Equity will not permit a statute to be used as an engine of fraud.
2. Equity will take jurisdiction to avoid a multiplicity of suits.
3. Long possession produces the right of possession, and is the law of peace.
4. Where there is a wrong, there must be a remedy.
5. Equity regards the beneficiary as the true owner.
6. Equity will not allow the trust to fail for want of a trustee.



Maxims of Trust:

1. He who is sure, is surety for no one.
2. The only way to confirm equitable title is to grant legal title.
3. He who grants legal title, confirms equitable title; He who accepts legal title, confirms equitable. Legal title becomes the written confirmation of equity.
4. The one who accepts legal title confirms that the grantor must be the owner of it.
5. Once a trust is expressed, it is irrevocable by private whim.

Legislation Referred to for POGG Protocol Research: CANADA

Bank Act (Currency Act)
Bills of Exchange Act
Canada Business Corporations Act
Canada Deposit Insurance Corporations Act
Canadian Ownership Control Determination Act
Code of Federal Regulations (CFR)
Consolidated Revenue Fund (CRF)
Criminal Code of Canada (mayor is peace officer)
Depository Bills & Notes Act Canada
Deposit Insurance Corporations Act
Financial Administration Act
Frustrated Contracts Act (Crown is party to all)
Interpretation Act
Land Titles Act (Crown is registered owner)
Legislation Act, 2006 (re. person)
Municipal Act, 2001 (re. municipality, "Mayor" not mentioned)
Rules of Civil Procedure – joinder of all necessary parties
Personal Property Security Act (1990)
Public Trustee and Guardian Act/Public Service of Ontario Act
Securities/ Securities Transfer Act, Ontario
Trustee Act
Vital Statistics Act – re. Crown ownership/liability

Other:

2013 Motu Proprio re. public officials
Emergency Banking Relief Act, 1933
HJR192 (1933) - gold standard
U.C.C., Articles 3,8,9
United States Code (USC)

Credit to...

constitutionalconventions.ca
restorethekingdomofgod.blogspot.com
iyoutome.com
druthers.ca
Tigana (art/logo)

